

KLD Mutagenesis Fragment Prep

1) Prepare PCR with:

- Highly accurate polymerase (Q5 or equivalent)
- Long plasmids? GC Enhancer Buffer VERY useful
- LOW template amount (0.1 to 0.5 ng plasmid/25 uL PCR reaction) -> Make it easier for the DpnI

2) Thermocycling settings:

Initial Denaturation:

95°C for 90 seconds

Weak band?

Bump up to 35-40 cycles

More cycles -> More non-specific bands

30 Cycles of:

95°C for 30 seconds

50–67°C for 30 seconds

72°C for 30 seconds/kb

Have a gradient PCR machine?

4-6 reactions from 55-67 °C

No gradient PCR?

Start at 59 °C and pray

Final Extension:

72°C for 2X Cycling Extension Time

END

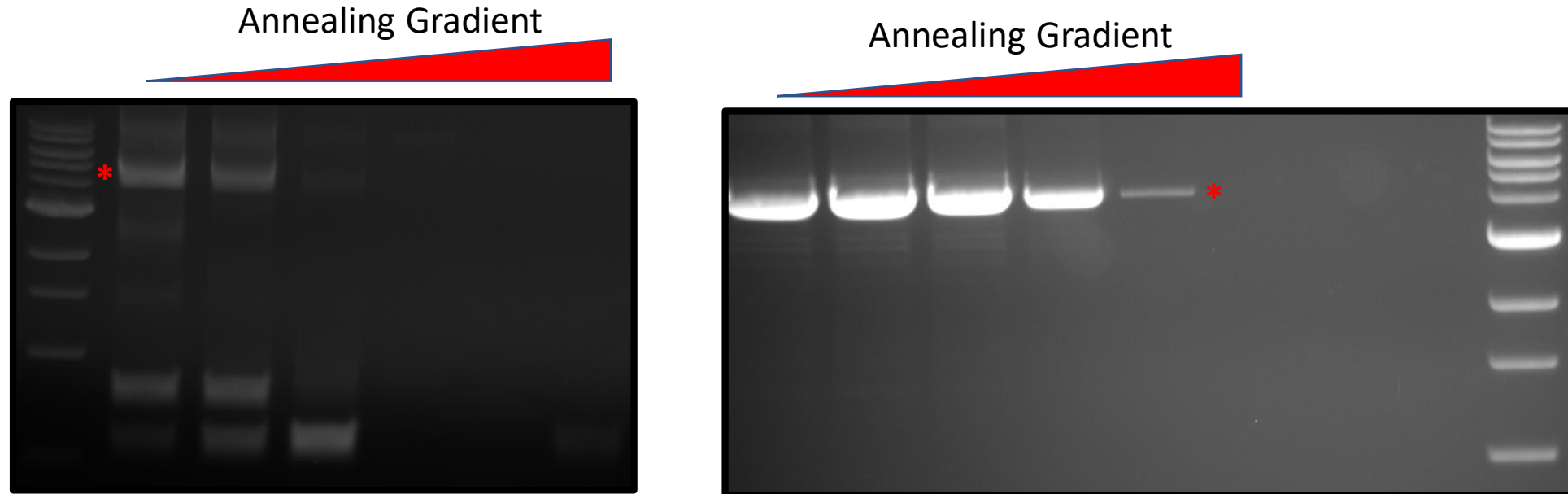
LET THE PCR MACHINE COAST TO ROOM TEMP!

PCR products can survive for DAYS at RT

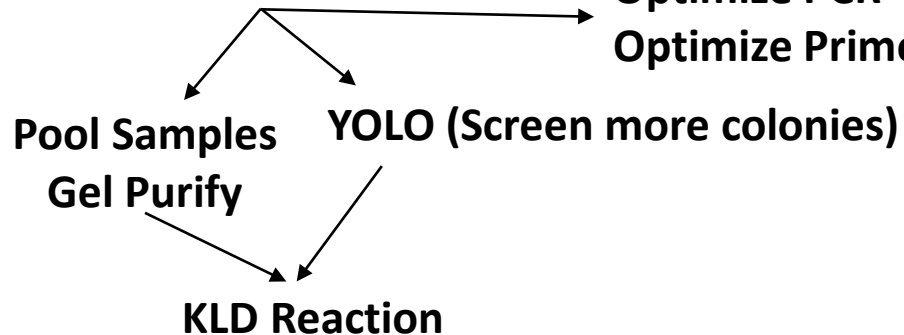
Your thermocycler is not a refrigerator!

KLD Mutagenesis QC

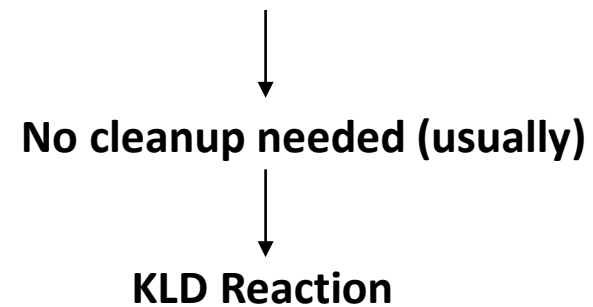
- 1) Run 5-8uL of PCR product on a 1% agarose
- 2) Do I have a product of expected size? (*)
- 3) Is the PCR product pretty clean?



Expected product + other bands?



Noise and clean?



KLD Reaction

- NEB's KLD mix -> Nice, but \$\$\$
- Homemade KLD mix -> Works great, assemble yourself (Thank you msr2009/reddit for recipe)

1ul PCR product or gel purified band (5-10ng total should do it)

1ul 10X T4 DNA ligase buffer

1ul T4 PNK

1ul T4 DNA ligase

1ul DpnI

5ul H₂O

10uL total

Incubate at RT for 1 hour, transform 1uL of reaction/100uL comp. cells

- That's...it? If you've got a decent PCR product KLD reactions are pretty smooth.